tmxlib Documentation

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tmxlib is a Python library fo handling TMX tile maps. It serves a relatively specific purpose: making it easy to write scripts for automatic handling of TMX files.

If you aren't familiar with TMX, or you just want to make some maps, install Tiled, a GUI editor, and play around with it. Tiled's wiki and IRC channel are places to go if you have questions about the TMX format.

If you're looking to use maps in a game, chances are *tmxlib* won't help you much. Try pytmxloader, PyTMX, or one of the other projects listed on the Tiled wiki.

CHAPTER 1

Installation

To install tmxlib, you can use pip: `pip install --user tmxlib`. To install system-wide, leave out the `--user` option.

If you can't find pip on your system, look around. In Fedora, it's named `pip-python` and lives in the `python-pip` package.

Optionally, also install the lxml and Pillow packages to speed up XML and image handling, respectively. Linux distributions are likely to have them (in Fedora, `yum install python-lxml python-imaging`). If you can't find them, use pip to get them.

CHAPTER 2

Development

The project is hosted on Github (as `pytmxlib`), free for anyone to file bugs, clone, fork, or otherwise help make it better.

To install the library for development, navigate to the source folder, and run `python setup.py develop`.

2.1 Tests

To run tests, `pip install pytest-cov`, and run `py.test`.

Tests can be run using tox, to ensure cross-Python compatibility. Make sure you have all supported Pythons (2.6, 2.7, 3.1, 3.2) installed, and run `tox`.

Nowadays we use Travis CI and Coveralls to run tests after each commit:

2.2 Documentation

This documentation is generated using Sphinx. To build it, `pip install sphinx` and run `make` in the doc/ directory.

CHAPTER 3

Versioning & TODO

This package sports the SemVer versioning scheme. In this pre-1.0 version, that doesn't mean much.

Version 1.0 will include at least one generally useful command-line utility, most likely a crop/merge tool for maps.

CHAPTER 4

Contents

4.1 Overview

Before doing anything else, import *tmxlib*.

```
>>> import tmxlib
```

4.1.1 Loading and saving

Loading a map from a file is quite easy:

```
>>> filename = 'desert.tmx'
>>> tmxlib.Map.open(filename)
<tmxlib.Map object at ...>
```

You can also load from a string:

```
>>> string = open('desert.tmx', 'rb').read()
>>> map = tmxlib.Map.load(string)
```

Saving is equally easy:

```
>>> map.save('saved.tmx')
>>> map_as_string = map.dump()
```

4.1.2 Maps

Map is tmxlib's core class.

Each map has three "size" attributes: *size*, the size of the map in tiles; *tile_size*, the pixel size of one tile; and *pixel_size*, which is the product of the two. Each of these has *height* and *width* available as separate attributes; for example *pixel_height* would give the map's height in pixels.

A map's *orientation* is its fundamental mode. Tiled currently supports 'orthogonal' and 'isometric' orientations, but tmxlib will currently not object to any other orientation (as it does not need to actually draw maps). Orthogonal orientation is the default.

Each map has a dict of properties, with which you can assign arbitrary string values to string keys.

4.1.3 Tilesets

A map has one or more tilesets, which behave as lists of tiles.

```
>>> map.tilesets
[<ImageTileset 'Desert' at ...>]
>>> tileset = map.tilesets[0]
>>> len(tileset)
48
>>> tileset[0]
<TilesetTile #0 of Desert at ...>
>>> tileset[-1]
<TilesetTile #47 of Desert at ...>
```

As a convenience, tilesets may be accessed by name instead of number. A name will always refer to the first tileset with such name.

You can also remove tilesets (using either names or indexes). However, note that to delete a tileset, the map may not contain any of its tiles.

```
>>> del map.tilesets['Desert']
Traceback (most recent call last):
  ...
UsedTilesetError: Cannot remove <ImageTileset 'Desert' at ...>: map contains its tiles
Traceback (most recent call last):
  ...
UsedTilesetError: Cannot remove <ImageTileset 'Desert' at ...>: map contains its tiles
```

(If this causes you trouble when you need to move tilesets around, use the *map.tilesets.move* method)

Tilesets are not tied to maps, which means that several maps can share the same tileset object.

In map data, tiles are referenced by the GID, which uniquely determines the tile across all the map's tilesets.

```
>>> tile = tileset[10]
>>> tile.gid(map)
11
```

Each tileset within a map has a *first gid*, the GID of its first object. The first_gid is always *number of tiles in all preceding tilesets + 1*. (It is written to the TMX file to help loaders, but should not be changed there.)

Modifying the list of tilesets can cause the first_gid to change. All affected tiles in the map will automatically be renumbered in this case.

4.1.4 Layers

As with tilesets, each map has layers. Like tilesets, these can be accessed either by index or by name.

```
>>> map.layers[0]
<TileLayer #0: 'Ground' at ...>
>>> map.layers['Ground']
<TileLayer #0: 'Ground' at ...>
```

Creating layers directly can be a hassle, so Map provides an *add_layer* method that creates a compatible empty layer.

```
>>> map.add_layer('Sky')
<TileLayer #1: 'Sky' at ...>
>>> map.add_layer('Underground', before='Ground')
<TileLayer #0: 'Underground' at ...>
```

```
>>> map.layers
[<TileLayer #0: 'Underground' at ...>, <TileLayer #1: 'Ground' at ...>, <TileLayer #2: 'Sky' at ...>]
```

Layers come in two flavors: *tile layers*, which contain a rectangular grid of tiles, and *object layers*, which contain objects. This overwiew will only cover the former; object layers are explained in their documentation.

4.1.5 Tile layers

A tile layer is basically a 2D array of map tiles. Index the layer with the x and y coordinates to get a MapTile object.

```
>>> layer = map.layers['Ground']
>>> layer[0, 0]
<MapTile (0, 0) on Ground, gid=30  at ...>
>>> layer[6, 7]
<MapTile (6, 7) on Ground, gid=40  at ...>
```

The MapTile object is a reference to a particular place in the map. This means that changing the MapTile object (through its *value* attribute, for example) will update the map.

The easiest way to change the map, though, is to assignt a tileset tile to a location on the map.

```
>>> layer[6, 7] = map.tilesets['Desert'][29]
```

Map tiles can also be flipped around, using Tiled's three flipping flags: horizontal (H), vertical(V), and diagonal (D) flip.

```
>>> tile = layer[6, 7]
>>> tile.flipped_horizontally = True
>>> tile
<MapTile (6, 7) on Ground, gid=30 H at ...>
>>> tile.vflip()
>>> tile
<MapTile (6, 7) on Ground, gid=30 HV at ...>
>>> tile.rotate()
>>> tile
<MapTile (6, 7) on Ground, gid=30 VD at ...>
```

Map tiles are true in a boolean context iff they're not empty (i.e. their *gid* is not 0).

4.1.6 Images and pixels

The library has some basic support for working with tile images.

If tmxlib can't find Pillow (or PIL), it will use the pure-python png package. This is very slow when reading the pictures, and it can only handle PNG files. For this reason, it's recommended that you install PIL to work with images.

```
>>> map.tilesets['Desert'][0].get_pixel(0, 0)
(1.0, 0.8156862..., 0.5803921..., 1.0)
>>> map.layers['Ground'][0, 0].get_pixel(0, 0)
(1.0, 0.8156862..., 0.5803921..., 1.0)
```

4.2 tmxlib Module Reference

The main module exports the most important classes directly:

- Map, the main object
- Layer objects: ImageLayer, ObjectLayer, and TileLayer
- MapTile
- ImageTileset, the only kind of tileset so far, and TilesetTile
- Map object classes: PolygonObject, PolylineObject, RectangleObject, and EllipseObject
- Exceptions, UsedTilesetError and TilesetNotInMapError

See submodule documentation for more details:

4.2.1 The tmxlib.map module

Map

class tmxlib.map.**Map**(*size*, *tile_size*, *orientation='orthogonal'*, *background_color=None*, *base_path=None*, *render_order=None*, *stagger_index=None*, *hex_side_length=None*, *stagger_axis=None*)

A tile map, tmxlib's core class

init arguments, which become attributes:

size
a (height, width) pair specifying the size of the map, in tiles

tile_size
a pair specifying the size of one tile, in pixels

orientation
The orientation of the map ('orthogonal', 'isometric', or 'staggered')

background_color
The background color for the map, as a triple of floats (0..1)

stagger_axis
Stagger axis for hexagonal maps ('x' or 'y', or None)

stagger_index
Stagger index for hexagonal maps ('odd' or 'even', or None)

hex_side_length
Side length for hexagonal maps (int, or None)

Other attributes:

tilesets
A TilesetList of tilesets this map uses

layers
A LayerList of layers this map uses

properties
A dict of properties, with string (or unicode) keys & values

pixel_size
The size of the map, in pixels. Not settable directly: use *size* and *tile_size* for that.

end_gid
The first GID that is not available for tiles. This is the end_gid for the map's last tileset.

Unpacked size attributes:

Each "size" property has corresponding "width" and "height" properties.

height

width

tile_height

tile_width

pixel_height

pixel_width

Methods:

add_layer(*name*, *before=None*, *after=None*, *layer_class=None*)
Add an empty layer with the given name to the map.

By default, the new layer is added at the end of the layer list. A different position may be specified with either of the *before* or *after* arguments, which may be integer indices or names.

layer_class defaults to TileLayer

add_tile_layer(*name*, *before=None*, *after=None*)
Add an empty tile layer with the given name to the map.

See add_layer

add_object_layer(*name*, *before=None*, *after=None*)
Add an empty object layer with the given name to the map.

See add_layer

add_image_layer(*name*, *image*, *before=None*, *after=None*)
Add an image layer with the given name and image to the map.

See add_layer

all_tiles()
Yield all tiles in the map, including tile objects

all_objects()
Yield all objects in the map

get_tiles(*x*, *y*)
For each tile layer, yield the tile at the given position.

check_consistency()
Check that this map is okay.

Most checks are done when reading a map, but if more are required, call this method after reading. This will do a more expensive check than what's practical from within readers.

Loading and saving (see `tmxlib.fileio.ReadWriteBase` for more information):

classmethod open(*filename*, *shared=False*)

classmethod load(*string*)

save(*filename*)

dump(*string*)

to_dict()
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

You can use e.g. a JSON or YAML library to write such a dict to a file.

classmethod **from_dict**(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

Use e.g. a JSON or YAML library to read such a dict from a file.

4.2.2 The tmxlib.layer module

Layer

class tmxlib.layer.**Layer**(*map*, *name*, *visible=True*, *opacity=1*)
Base class for map layers

init agruments, which become attributes:

map
The map this layer belongs to. Unlike tilesets, layers are tied to a particular map and cannot be shared.

name
Name of the layer

visible
A boolean setting whether the layer is visible at all. (Actual visibility also depends on *opacity*)

opacity
Floating-point value for the visibility of the layer. (Actual visibility also depends on *visible*)

Other attributes:

properties
Dict of properties with string (or unicode) keys and values.

type
'tiles' if this is a tile layer, 'objects' if it's an object layer, 'image' for an object layer.

index
Index of this layer in the layer list

A Layer is false in a boolean context iff it is empty, that is, if all tiles of a tile layer are false, or if an object layer contains no objects.

Methods:

all_objects()
Yield all objects in this layer

all_tiles()
Yield all tiles in this layer, including empty ones and tile objects

Dict import/export:

to_dict()
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod **from_dict**(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

TileLayer

class tmxlib.layer.**TileLayer**(*map*, *name*, *visible=True*, *opacity=1*, *data=None*)
A tile layer

Acts as a 2D array of MapTile's, indexed by [x, y] coordinates. Assignment is possible either via numeric values, or by assigning a TilesetTile. In the latter case, if the tileset is not on the map yet, it is added.

See Layer documentation for most init arguments.

Other init agruments, which become attributes:

data
Optional list (or array) containing the values of tiles in the layer, as one long list in row-major order. See TileLikeObject.value for what the numbers will mean.

Methods:

all_objects()
Yield all objects in this layer

all_tiles()
Yield all tiles in this layer, including empty ones.

Tile access:

__getitem__(*pos*)
Get a MapTile representing the tile at the given position.

Supports negative indices by wrapping in the obvious way.

__setitem__(*pos*, *value*)
Set the tile at the given position

The set value can be either an raw integer value, or a TilesetTile. In the latter case, any tileset not in the map yet will be added to it.

Supports negative indices by wrapping in the obvious way.

Methods to be overridden in subclasses:

value_at(*pos*)
Return the value at the given position

See MapTile for an explanation of the value.

set_value_at(*pos*, *new*)
Sets the raw value at the given position

See MapTile for an explanation of the value.

Dict import/export:

to_dict()
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod from_dict(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

ObjectLayer

class tmxlib.layer.**ObjectLayer**(*map*, *name*, *visible=True*, *opacity=1*, *color=None*)
A layer of objects.

Acts as a named list of objects. This means semantics similar to layer/tileset lists: indexing by name is possible, where a name references the first object of such name.

See Layer for inherited init arguments.

ObjectLayer-specific init arguments, which become attributes:

color
The intended color of objects in this layer, as a triple of floats (0..1)

Methods:

all_objects()
Yield all objects in this layer (i.e. return self)

all_tiles()
Yield all tile objects in this layer, in order.

Dict import/export:

to_dict()
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod from_dict(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

ImageLayer

class tmxlib.layer.**ImageLayer**(*map*, *name*, *visible=True*, *opacity=1*, *image=None*)
An image layer

See Layer documentation for most init arguments.

Other init agruments, which become attributes:

image
The image to use for the layer

Dict import/export:

to_dict()
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod from_dict(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

LayerList

class tmxlib.layer.**LayerList**(*map*, *lst=None*)
A list of layers.

Allows indexing by name, and can only contain layers of a single map.

See NamedElementList for LayerList's methods.

4.2.3 The tmxlib.tile module

TileLikeObject

class tmxlib.tile.**TileLikeObject**
Bases: tmxlib.helpers.TileMixin

Base tile-like object: regular tile or tile object.

Has an associated layer and value, and can be flipped, etc.

A TileLikeObject is "true" iff there's a tile associated with it. Empty, "false" tiles have a GID of zero.

Note: Subclasses should use the *_value* attribute for your own purposes. The *value* allows setting itself to TilesetTiles, has checks, etc.

Tile attributes & methods:

tileset
Get the referenced tileset

value
Numeric value of a tile, representing the image and transformations.

See the TMX format for a hopefully more detailed specification. The upper bits of this number are used for flags:
- 0x80000000: tile is flipped horizontally.
- 0x40000000: tile is flipped vertically.
- 0x20000000: tile is flipped diagonally (axes are swapped).
- 0x10000000: tmxlib reserves this bit for now, just because 0x0FFFFFFF is a nice round number.

The rest of the value is zero if the layer is empty at the corresponding spot (or an object has no associated tile image), or it holds the GID of the tileset-tile.

The GID can be computed as 1 + X + Y where X is the number of tiles in all tilesets preceding the tile's, and Y is the number of the tile within its tileset.

The individual parts of value are reflected in individual properties:
- flipped_horizontally (0x80000000)
- flipped_vertically (0x40000000)
- flipped_diagonally (0x20000000)
- gid (0x0FFFFFFF)

The properties themselves have a *value* attribute, e.g. `tmxlib.MapTile.flipped_diagonally.value == 0x20000000`.

gid

flipped_horizontally

flipped_vertically

flipped_diagonally
See value

tileset_tile
Get the referenced tileset tile

number
Get the number of the referenced tileset tile

image
Get the image of the tile. (N.B. see full docstring!)

N.B. No transformations are applied to the image. This can change in future versions. Use self.tileset_tile.image for future-safe behavior.

get_pixel(*x*, *y*)
Get the pixel at the given x, y coordinates.

Handles negative indices in the obvious way.

tile_to_image_coordinates(*x*, *y*)
Transform map-tile pixel coordinates to tileset-tile pixel coords.

Handles negative indices in the obvious way.

Flipping helpers:

hflip()
Flip the tile horizontally

vflip()
Flip the tile vertically

rotate(*degrees=90*)
Rotate the tile clockwise by the specified number of degrees

Note that tiles can only be rotated in 90-degree increments.

Inherited:

map

size
Size of the referenced tile, taking rotation into account. The size is given in map tiles, i.e. "normal" tiles are 1x1. A "large tree" tile, twice a big as a regular tile, would have a size of (1, 2). The size will be given as floats.

Empty tiles have (0, 0) size.

MapTile

class tmxlib.tile.**MapTile**(*layer*, *pos*)
References a particular spot on a tile layer

MapTile object can be hashed and they compare equal if they refer to the same tile of the same layer.

init arguments, which become attributes:

layer
The associated layer.

pos
The associated coordinates, as (x, y), in tile coordinates.

See TileLikeObject for attributes and methods shered with tile objects.

properties
Properties of the *referenced* tileset-tile

Note: Changing this will change properties of all tiles using this image. Possibly even across more maps if tilesets are shared.

See TilesetTile.

4.2.4 The tmxlib.tileset module

Tileset

class tmxlib.tileset.**Tileset**(*name*, *tile_size*, *source=None*)

Base class for a tileset: bank of tiles a map can use.

There are two kinds of tilesets: external and internal. Internal tilesets are specific to a map, and their contents are saved inside the map file. External tilesets are saved to their own file, so they may be shared between several maps. (Of course, any tileset can be shared between maps at the Python level; this distinction only applies to what happens on disk.) External tilesets have the file path in their *source* attribute; internal ones have *source* set to None.

tmxlib will try to ensure that each external tileset gets only loaded once, an the resulting Python objects are shared. See `ReadWriteBase.open()` for more information.

init arguments, which become attributes:

name
Name of the tileset

tile_size:
A (width, height) pair giving the size of a tile in this tileset. In cases where a tileset can have unequally sized tiles, the tile size is not defined. This means that this property should not be used unless working with a specific subclass that defines tile_size better.

source
For external tilesets, the file name for this tileset. None for internal ones.

Other attributes:

properties
A dict with string (or unicode) keys and values. Note that the official TMX format does not support tileset properties (yet), so editors like Tiled will remove these. (tmxlib saves and loads them just fine, however.)

terrains
A `TerrainList` of terrains belonging to this tileset. Note that tileset tiles reference these by index, and the indices are currently not updated when the TerrainList is modified. This may change in the future.

tile_offset
An offset in pixels to be applied when drawing a tile from this tileset.

Unpacked versions of tuple attributes:

tile_width

tile_height

tile_offset_x

tile_offset_y

Loading and saving (see `tmxlib.fileio.ReadWriteBase` for more information):

classmethod open(*filename*, *shared=False*)

classmethod load(*string*)

save(*filename*)

dump(*string*)

to_dict(***kwargs*)
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod from_dict(*dct*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

List-like access:

__getitem__(*n*)
Get tileset tile with the given number.

Supports negative indices by wrapping around, as one would expect.

__len__()
Return the number of tiles in this tileset.

Subclasses need to override this method.

__iter__()
Iterate through tiles in this tileset.

Overridable methods:

tile_image(*number*)
Return the image used by the given tile.

Usually this will be a region of a larger image.

Subclasses need to override this method.

GID calculation methods:

Note: TilesetList depends on the specific GID calculation algorithm provided by these methods to renumber a map's tiles when tilesets are moved around. Don't override these unless your subclass is not used with vanilla TilesetLists.

---

first_gid(*map*)
Return the first gid used by this tileset in the given map

end_gid(*map*)
Return the first gid after this tileset in the given map

ImageTileset

class tmxlib.tileset.**ImageTileset**(*name*, *tile_size*, *image*, *margin=0*, *spacing=0*, *source=None*, *base_path=None*)
A tileset whose tiles form a rectangular grid on a single image.

This is the default tileset type in Tiled.

init arguments, which become attributes:

name

tile_size

source
see Tileset

image
The Image this tileset is based on.

margin
Size of a border around the image that does not contain tiles, in pixels.

spacing
Space between adjacent tiles, in pixels.

Other attributes:

column_count
Number of columns of tiles in the tileset

row_count
Number of rows of tiles in the tileset

See `Tileset` for generic tileset methods.

ImageTileset methods:

tile_image(*number*)
Return the image used by the given tile

TilesetTile

class `tmxlib.tileset.`**TilesetTile**(*tileset*, *number*)
Reference to a tile within a tileset

init arguents, which become attributes:

tileset
the tileset this tile belongs to

number
the number of the tile

Other attributes:

pixel_size
The size of the tile, in pixels. Also available as (`pixel_width`, `pixel_height`).

properties
A string-to-string dictionary holding custom properties of the tile

image
Image this tile uses. Most often this will be a `region` of the tileset's image.

terrain_indices
List of indices to the tileset's terrain list for individual corners of the tile. See the TMX documentation for details.

terrains
Tuple of terrains for individual corners of the tile. If no terrain is given, None is used instead.

probability
The probability that this tile will be chosen among others with the same terrain information. May be None.

Methods:

gid(*map*)
Return the GID of this tile for a given map

The GID is a map-specific identifier unique for any tileset-tile the map uses.

get_pixel (*x*, *y*)
Get a pixel at the specified location.

Pixels are returned as RGBA 4-tuples.

TilesetList

class tmxlib.tileset.**TilesetList** (*map*, *lst=None*)
A list of tilesets.

Allows indexing by name.

Whenever the list is changed, GIDs of tiles in the associated map are renumbered to match the new set of tilesets.

See NamedElementList for TilesetList's methods.

modification_context (**args*, ***kwds*)
Context manager that "wraps" modifications to the tileset list

While this manager is active, the map's tiles are invalid and should not be touched. After all modification_contexts exit, tiles are renumbered to match the new tileset list. This means that multiple operations on the tileset list can be wrapped in a modification_context for efficiency.

If a used tileset is removed, an exception will be raised whenever the outermost modification_context exits.

4.2.5 The tmxlib.mapobject module

MapObject

class tmxlib.mapobject.**MapObject** (*layer*, *pixel_pos*, *name=None*, *type=None*)
A map object: something that's not placed on the fixed grid

Has several subclasses.

Can be either a "tile object", which has an associated tile much like a map-tile, or a regular (non-tile) object that has a settable size.

init arguments, which become attributes:

layer
The layer this object is on

pixel_pos
The pixel coordinates

pixel_size
Size of this object, as a (width, height) tuple, in pixels.

Only one of pixel_size and size may be specified.

size
Size of this object, as a (width, height) tuple, in units of map tiles.

name
Name of the object. A string (or unicode)

type
Type of the object. A string (or unicode). No semantics attached.

Other attributes:

objtype
Type of the object: `'rectangle'`, `'tile'` or `'ellipse'`

properties
Dict of string (or unicode) keys & values for custom data

pos
Position of the object in tile coordinates, as a (x, y) float tuple

map
The map associated with this object

Unpacked position attributes:

x

y

pixel_x

pixel_y

Methods:

to_dict(*y=None*)
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod from_dict(*dct*, *layer*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

RectangleObject

class tmxlib.mapobject.**RectangleObject**(*layer*, *pixel_pos*, *size=None*, *pixel_size=None*, *name=None*, *type=None*, *value=0*)
A rectangle object, either blank (sized) or a tile object

See `MapObject` for inherited members.

Extra init arguments, which become attributes:

pixel_size
Size of this object, as a (width, height) tuple, in pixels. Must be specified for non-tile objects, and must *not* be specified for tile objects (unless the size matches the tile).

Similar restrictions apply to setting the property (and `width` & `height`).

size
Size of this object, as a (width, height) tuple, in units of map tiles.

Shares setting restrictions with `pixel_size`. Note that the constructor will nly accept one of `size` or `pixel_size`, not both at the same time.

value
Value of the tile, if it's a tile object.

See `tmxlib.tile.TileLikeObject` for attributes and methods shared with tiles.

EllipseObject

class tmxlib.mapobject.**EllipseObject**(*layer*, *pixel_pos*, *size=None*, *pixel_size=None*, *name=None*, *type=None*)
An ellipse object

Extra init arguments, which become attributes:

pixel_size
Size of this object, as a (width, height) tuple, in pixels. Must be specified for non-tile objects, and must *not* be specified for tile objects (unless the size matches the tile).

Similar restrictions apply to setting the property (and `width` & `height`).

size
Size of this object, as a (width, height) tuple, in units of map tiles.

Shares setting restrictions with `pixel_size`. Note that the constructor will nly accept one of `size` or `pixel_size`, not both at the same time.

Unpacked size attributes:

width

height

pixel_width

pixel_height

PolygonObject

class tmxlib.mapobject.**PolygonObject**(*layer*, *pixel_pos*, *size=None*, *pixel_size=None*, *name=None*, *type=None*, *points=()*)

A polygon object

See `MapObject` for inherited members.

Extra init arguments, which become attributes:

points
Size of this object, as a (width, height) tuple, in pixels. Must be specified for non-tile objects, and must *not* be specified for tile objects (unless the size matches the tile).

The format is list of iterables: [(x0, y0), (x1, y1), ..., (xn, yn)]

PolylineObject

class tmxlib.mapobject.**PolylineObject**(*layer*, *pixel_pos*, *size=None*, *pixel_size=None*, *name=None*, *type=None*, *points=()*)

A polygon object

Behaves just like `PolygonObject`, it's not closed when drawn. Has the same `points` attribute/argument as `PolygonObject`.

4.2.6 The tmxlib.terrain module

Terrain

class tmxlib.terrain.**Terrain**(*name*, *tile*)
Represents a Tiled terrain

Init arguments, which become attributes:

name
The name of the terrain

tile
The tile that represents the terrain visually. Should be from the same tileset.

TerrainList

class tmxlib.terrain.**TerrainList**(*lst=None*)

append_new(*name*, *tile*)
Append a newly created Terrain to the list

4.2.7 The tmxlib.image modules

Image loading

The open() function provides a high-level interface to opening images, regardless

tmxlib.image.**open**(*filename*, *trans=None*, *size=None*)
Open the given image file

Uses preferred_image_class.

Parameters

- **filename** – Name of the file to load the image from
- **trans** – Optional color that should be rendered as transparent (this is not implemented yet)
- **size** – Optional (width, height) tuple. If specified, the file will not be read from disk when the image size needs to be known. If and when the image is loaded, the given size is checked and an exception is raised if it does not match.

Returns An Image

Note that the file is not opened until needed. This makes it possible to use maps and tilesets that refer to nonexistent images.

tmxlib.image.**preferred_image_class**
The type of the object open() returns depends on the installed libraries. If Pillow (or PIL) is installed, the faster PilImage is used; otherwise tmxlib falls back to PngImage, which works anywhere but may be lower and only supports PNG files. Both wrappers offer the same API.

tmxlib.image.**image_classes**
A list of all available image classes, listed by preference. preferred_image_class is the first element in this list.

Image base classes

Image

class tmxlib.image_base.**Image**(*data=None*, *trans=None*, *size=None*, *source=None*)
An image. Conceptually, an 2D array of pixels.

Note: This is an abstract base class. Use tmxlib.image.open() or tmxlib.image.preferred_image_class to get a usable subclass.

init arguments that become attributes:

data
Data of this image, as read from disk.

size
Size of the image, in pixels.

If given in constructor, the image doesn't have to be decoded to get this information, somewhat speeding up operations that don't require pixel access.

If it's given in constructor and it does not equal the actual image size, an exception will be raised as soon as the image is decoded.

source
The file name of this image, if it is to be saved separately from maps/tilesets that use it.

trans
A color key used for transparency (currently not implemented)

Images support indexing (`img[x, y]`) as a shortcut for the get_pixel and set_pixel methods.

get_pixel(*x*, *y*)
Get the color of the pixel at position (x, y) as a RGBA 4-tuple.

Supports negative indices by wrapping around in the obvious way.

set_pixel(*x*, *y*, *value*)
Set the color of the pixel at position (x, y) to a RGBA 4-tuple

Supports negative indices by wrapping around in the obvious way.

Methods interesting for subclassers:

load_image()
Load the image from self.data, and set self._size

If self._size is already set, assert that it equals

Note: It's currently not possible to save modified images.

ImageRegion

class tmxlib.image_base.**ImageRegion**(*image*, *top_left*, *size*)
A rectangular region of a larger image

init arguments that become attributes:

image
The "parent" image

top_left
The coordinates of the top-left corner of the region. Will also available as `x` and `y` attributes.

size
The size of the region. Will also available as `width` and `height` attributes.

Except for the constructor and attributes, *ImageRegion* supports the same external API as `Image`:

get_pixel(*x*, *y*)
Get the color of the pixel at position (x, y) as a RGBA 4-tuple.

Supports negative indices by wrapping around in the obvious way.

set_pixel(*x*, *y*, *value*)
Set the color of the pixel at position (x, y) to a RGBA 4-tuple

Supports negative indices by wrapping around in the obvious way.

class tmxlib.image_base.**ImageBase**
Provide __getitem__ and __setitem__ for images

Pixel access methods with (x, y) pairs for position and (r, g, b, a) tuples for color.

4.2.8 The tmxlib.helpers module

Exceptions

exception tmxlib.helpers.**UsedTilesetError**
Raised when trying to remove a tileset from a map that is uses its tiles

exception tmxlib.helpers.**TilesetNotInMapError**
Used when trying to use a tile from a tileset that's not in the map

NamedElementList

class tmxlib.helpers.**NamedElementList**(*lst=None*)
A list that supports indexing by element name, as a convenience, etc

`lst[some_name]` means the first *element* where `element.name == some_name`. The dict-like `get` method is provided.

Additionally, NamedElementList subclasses can use several hooks to control how their elements are stored or what is allowed as elements.

get(*index_or_name*, *default=None*)
Same as __getitem__, but a returns default if not found

insert(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Same as list.insert, except indices may be names instead of ints.

insert_after(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Insert the new value after the position specified by index_or_name

For numerical indexes, the same as `insert(index + 1, value)`. Useful when indexing by strings.

move(*index_or_name*, *amount*)
Move an item by the specified number of indexes

amount can be negative. For example, "move layer down" translates to `layers.move(idx, -1)`

The method will clamp out-of range amounts, so, for eample, `lst.move(0, -1)` will do nothing.

Hooks for subclasses:

modification_context(**args*, ***kwds*)
Context in which all modifications take place.

The default implementation nullifies the modifications if an exception is raised.

Note that the manager may nest, in which case the outermost one should be treated as an atomic operation.

retrieved_value(*item*)
Called when an item is being retrieved from the list.

Return the object that will actually be retrieved.

This method must undo any modifications that stored_value does.

stored_value(*item*)
Called when an item is being inserted into the list.

Return the object that will actually be stored.

To prevent incompatible items, subclasses may raise an exception here.

This method must undo any modifications that retrieved_value does.

Internal helpers and mixins

Dict conversion helpers

tmxlib.helpers.**from_dict_method**(*func*)
Decorator for from_dict classmethods

Takes a copy of the second argument (dct), and makes sure it is empty at the end.

tmxlib.helpers.**assert_item**(*dct*, *key*, *expected_value*)
Asserts that `dct[key] == expected_value`

Mixin classes for tuple properties

tmxlib.helpers.**tuple_mixin**(*name*, *full_property_name*, *subprop_names*, *doc=None*)
Create a class that provides "unpacked" attributes for a tuple attr.

Example: `tuple_mixin('PosMixin', 'pos', ['x', 'y'])` has two settable properties `x` and `y`, such that `self.pos == (self.x, self.y)`. The original property, `pos` in this case, must be provided by subclasses.

class tmxlib.helpers.**PosMixin**
Provides *x*, *y* properties.

Subclasses will need a *pos* property, a 2-tuple of values.

Note: setting one of the provided properties will set pos to a new tuple.

class tmxlib.helpers.**SizeMixin**

class tmxlib.helpers.**PixelPosMixin**
Provides *pixel_x*, *pixel_y* properties.

Subclasses will need a *pixel_pos* property, a 2-tuple of values.

Note: setting one of the provided properties will set pixel_pos to a new tuple.

class tmxlib.helpers.**PixelSizeMixin**
Provides *pixel_width*, *pixel_height* properties.

Subclasses will need a *pixel_size* property, a 2-tuple of values.

Note: setting one of the provided properties will set pixel_size to a new tuple.

class tmxlib.helpers.**TileSizeMixin**
Provides *tile_width*, *tile_height* properties.

Subclasses will need a *tile_size* property, a 2-tuple of values.

Note: setting one of the provided properties will set tile_size to a new tuple.

Other mixins

class tmxlib.helpers.**LayerElementMixin**
Provides a *map* attribute extracted from the object's *layer*.

class tmxlib.helpers.**TileMixin**
Bases: tmxlib.helpers.SizeMixin, tmxlib.helpers.PixelSizeMixin, tmxlib.helpers.PixelPosMixin, tmxlib.helpers.PosMixin, tmxlib.helpers.LayerElementMixin

Provides *size* based on *pixel_size* and the map

See the superclasses.

Helpers

class tmxlib.helpers.**Property**
Trivial subclass of the *property* builtin. Allows custom attributes.

4.2.9 Extra members of tmxlib classes

To avoid clutter, some members aren't mentioned in their respective classes' documentation. This page documents such members, so that they can be linked.

(And also to make the doc coverage tool happy.)

class tmxlib.layer.TileLayer

`Layer` methods

TileLayer.**to_dict**()
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod TileLayer.**from_dict**(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

class tmxlib.layer.ObjectLayer

`NamedList` methods

ObjectLayer.**__getitem__**(*index_or_name*)
Same as list's, except non-slice indices may be names.

ObjectLayer.**__setitem__**(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Same as list's, but non-slice indices may be names instead of ints.

ObjectLayer.**__contains__**(*item_or_name*)
item_or_name in *self*

NamedElementLists can be queried either by name or by item.

ObjectLayer.**count**(*value*) → integer – return number of occurrences of value

ObjectLayer.**append**(*value*)
S.append(object) – append object to the end of the sequence

ObjectLayer.**extend**(*values*)
S.extend(iterable) – extend sequence by appending elements from the iterable

ObjectLayer.**pop**([*index*]) → item – remove and return item at index (default last).
Raise IndexError if list is empty or index is out of range.

ObjectLayer.**remove**(*value*)
S.remove(value) – remove first occurrence of value. Raise ValueError if the value is not present.

ObjectLayer.**reverse**()
S.reverse() – reverse *IN PLACE*

ObjectLayer.**insert**(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Same as list.insert, except indices may be names instead of ints.

ObjectLayer.**insert_after**(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Insert the new value after the position specified by index_or_name

For numerical indexes, the same as `insert(index + 1, value)`. Useful when indexing by strings.

ObjectLayer.**move**(*index_or_name*, *amount*)
Move an item by the specified number of indexes

amount can be negative. For example, "move layer down" translates to `layers.move(idx, -1)`

The method will clamp out-of range amounts, so, for eample, `lst.move(0, -1)` will do nothing.

ObjectLayer.**retrieved_value**(*item*)
Called when an item is being retrieved from the list.

Return the object that will actually be retrieved.

This method must undo any modifications that stored_value does.

ObjectLayer.**stored_value**(*item*)

`Layer` methods

ObjectLayer.**to_dict**()
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod ObjectLayer.**from_dict**(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

class tmxlib.layer.ImageLayer

`Layer` methods

ImageLayer.**to_dict**()
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod ImageLayer.**from_dict**(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

class tmxlib.layer.LayerList

`NamedList` methods

LayerList.**__getitem__**(*index_or_name*)
Same as list's, except non-slice indices may be names.

LayerList.**__setitem__**(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Same as list's, but non-slice indices may be names instead of ints.

LayerList.**__contains__**(*item_or_name*)
item_or_name in *self*

NamedElementLists can be queried either by name or by item.

LayerList.**index**(*value*) → integer – return first index of value.
Raises ValueError if the value is not present.

LayerList.**count**(*value*) → integer – return number of occurrences of value

LayerList.**append**(*value*)
S.append(object) – append object to the end of the sequence

LayerList.**extend**(*values*)
S.extend(iterable) – extend sequence by appending elements from the iterable

LayerList.**pop**([*index*]) → item – remove and return item at index (default last).
Raise IndexError if list is empty or index is out of range.

LayerList.**remove**(*value*)
S.remove(value) – remove first occurrence of value. Raise ValueError if the value is not present.

LayerList.**reverse**()
S.reverse() – reverse *IN PLACE*

LayerList.**insert**(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Same as list.insert, except indices may be names instead of ints.

LayerList.**insert_after**(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Insert the new value after the position specified by index_or_name

For numerical indexes, the same as `insert(index + 1, value)`. Useful when indexing by strings.

LayerList.**move**(*index_or_name*, *amount*)
Move an item by the specified number of indexes

amount can be negative. For example, "move layer down" translates to `layers.move(idx, -1)`

The method will clamp out-of range amounts, so, for eample, `lst.move(0, -1)` will do nothing.

LayerList.**modification_context**(**args*, ***kwds*)
Context in which all modifications take place.

The default implementation nullifies the modifications if an exception is raised.

Note that the manager may nest, in which case the outermost one should be treated as an atomic operation.

LayerList.**retrieved_value**(*item*)
Called when an item is being retrieved from the list.

Return the object that will actually be retrieved.

This method must undo any modifications that stored_value does.

LayerList.**stored_value**(*layer*)
Prevent layers that aren't from this map.

class tmxlib.tileset.TilesetList

NamedList methods

TilesetList.**__getitem__**(*index_or_name*)
Same as list's, except non-slice indices may be names.

TilesetList.**__setitem__**(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Same as list's, but non-slice indices may be names instead of ints.

TilesetList.**__contains__**(*item_or_name*)
item_or_name in *self*

NamedElementLists can be queried either by name or by item.

TilesetList.**index**(*value*) → integer – return first index of value.
Raises ValueError if the value is not present.

TilesetList.**count**(*value*) → integer – return number of occurrences of value

TilesetList.**append**(*value*)
S.append(object) – append object to the end of the sequence

TilesetList.**extend**(*values*)
S.extend(iterable) – extend sequence by appending elements from the iterable

TilesetList.**pop**([*index*]) → item – remove and return item at index (default last).
Raise IndexError if list is empty or index is out of range.

TilesetList.**remove**(*value*)
S.remove(value) – remove first occurrence of value. Raise ValueError if the value is not present.

TilesetList.**reverse**()
S.reverse() – reverse *IN PLACE*

TilesetList.**insert**(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Same as list.insert, except indices may be names instead of ints.

TilesetList.**insert_after**(*index_or_name*, *value*)
Insert the new value after the position specified by index_or_name

For numerical indexes, the same as `insert(index + 1, value)`. Useful when indexing by strings.

TilesetList.**move**(*index_or_name*, *amount*)
Move an item by the specified number of indexes

amount can be negative. For example, "move layer down" translates to `layers.move(idx, -1)`

The method will clamp out-of range amounts, so, for eample, `lst.move(0, -1)` will do nothing.

TilesetList.**retrieved_value**(*item*)
Called when an item is being retrieved from the list.

Return the object that will actually be retrieved.

This method must undo any modifications that stored_value does.

`TilesetList.`**`stored_value`**(*item*)
Called when an item is being inserted into the list.

Return the object that will actually be stored.

To prevent incompatible items, subclasses may raise an exception here.

This method must undo any modifications that retrieved_value does.

class `tmxlib.tileset.ImageTileset`

Load/save methods (see `tmxlib.fileio.ReadWriteBase`):

classmethod `ImageTileset.`**`open`**(*filename*, *shared=False*)
Load an object of this class from a file
Parameters
- **filename** – The file from which to load
- **shared** – Objects loaded from a single file with *shared=True* will be reused. Modifications to this shared object will, naturally, be visible from all variables that reference it. (External tilesets are loaded as *shared* by default.)

classmethod `ImageTileset.`**`load`**(*string*)
Load an object of this class from a string.
Parameters **string** – String containing the XML description of the object, as it would be read from a file.

`ImageTileset.`**`save`**(*filename*)
Save this object to a file
Parameters **filename** – Name of the file to save to.

`ImageTileset.`**`dump`**(*string*)
Save this object as a string
Returns String with the representation of the object, suitable for writing to a file.

`ImageTileset.`**`to_dict`**(***kwargs*)
Export to a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

classmethod `ImageTileset.`**`from_dict`**(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)
Import from a dict compatible with Tiled's JSON plugin

Overridden methods (see `tmxlib.tileset.Tileset`):

`ImageTileset.`**`tile_image`**(*number*)
Return the image used by the given tile

GID calculation methods (see `tmxlib.tileset.Tileset`):

Note: `TilesetList` depends on the specific GID calculation algorithm provided by these methods to renumber a map's tiles when tilesets are moved around. Don't override these unless your subclass is not used with vanilla TilesetLists.

`ImageTileset.`**`first_gid`**(*map*)
Return the first gid used by this tileset in the given map

`ImageTileset.`**`end_gid`**(*map*)
Return the first gid after this tileset in the given map

class `tmxlib.mapobject.RectangleObject`

`MapObject` methods

`RectangleObject.`**`to_dict`**()

classmethod `RectangleObject.`**`from_dict`**(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

class tmxlib.mapobject.EllipseObject

MapObject methods

EllipseObject.**to_dict**()

classmethod EllipseObject.**from_dict**(*dct*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

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